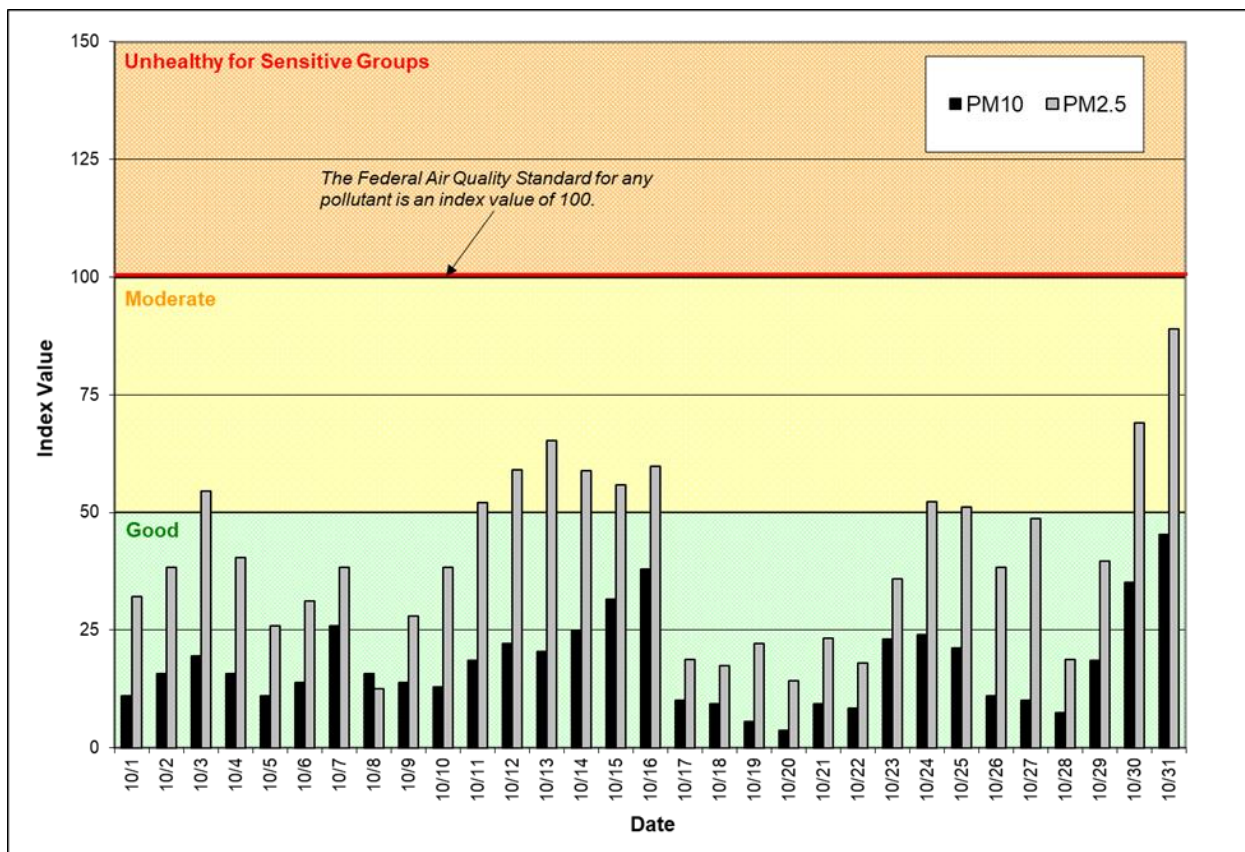


Spokane Regional Clean Air Agency Air Quality Report - October 2019

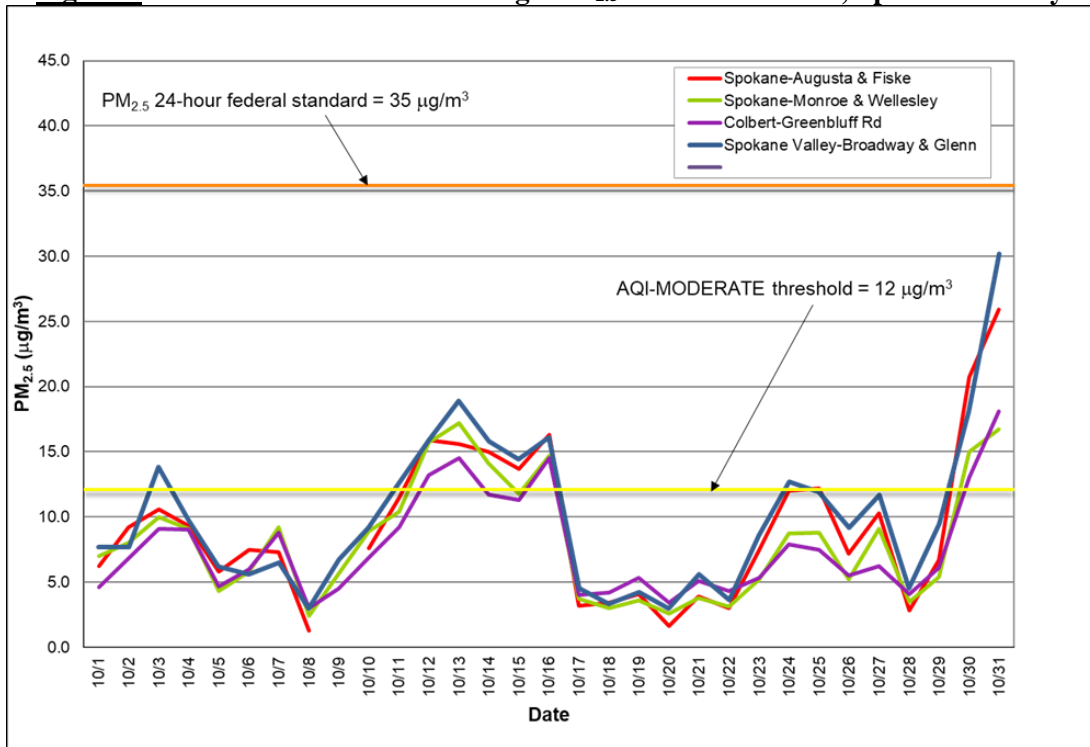
The maximum daily Air Quality Index (AQI) for October was 89 (MODERATE; 24-hour average PM_{2.5} mass concentration = 30.2 µg/m³) recorded at the Spokane Valley-E Broadway Ave monitoring station on the 31st (Figure 1 and 2; Table 1). Alternating periods of improved and deteriorating air quality was a direct effect of changing weather with better air quality occurring when wet and breezy weather associated with low pressure troughs moved through the region and deteriorating air quality with calm conditions and stronger temperature inversions associated with high pressure ridges. Late in the month, an upper level high pressure ridge off the coast brought surface high pressure to the Inland Northwest, resulting in a weak surface pressure gradient and light/calm wind conditions. According to the National Weather Service, northwesterly winds aloft promoted a dry weather pattern and clear skies for the area. The dry and calm conditions enhanced radiational cooling of the atmosphere near the ground, resulting in strong temperature inversions and deteriorating air quality. The Agency declared Stage 1 Impaired Air Quality on the 31st and issued a burn ban which lasted until November 8th.

Figure 1: Air Quality Index (AQI) values for October 2019. The data represent the maximum AQI values across all monitoring stations within Spokane County.



See Appendix 1 of this report for information about federal air quality standards or Appendix 2 for a description of the AQI. Daily mass concentrations of PM_{2.5} monitored in October throughout the network are shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2: Multi-station 24-hour average PM_{2.5} for October 2019; Spokane County.



The October daily air quality data for all monitoring stations in the Spokane region are provided in Appendix 3. Current and historical air quality data can be obtained electronically from Ecology’s air monitoring data website, <https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/enwiwa/Default.htm>.

Tables 1 and 2 contain the maximum AQI values for each pollutant for the month and for the year to date. Table 3 summarizes the year to date daily AQIs by category. See Appendix 2 for an explanation of the AQI.

Table 1: Maximum AQI values and pollutant concentrations for this reporting period.

Pollutant	AQI		Location	Date
PM ₁₀	45 (conc. = 49 µg/m ³)	Good	Spokane, E Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske)	10/31
PM _{2.5}	89 (conc. = 30.2 µg/m ³)	Moderate	Spokane Valley, E Broadway Ave	10/31

Table 2: Maximum AQI values and pollutant concentrations for this year to date.

Pollutant	AQI		Location	Date
O ₃	87 (conc. = 0.066 ppm)	Moderate	Spokane, Greenbluff	6/4
PM ₁₀	76 (conc. = 106 µg/m ³)	Moderate	Spokane, E Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske)	3/18
PM _{2.5}	129 (conc. = 46.9 µg/m ³)	USG	Colbert, E Greenbluff Rd	8/7

Table 3: AQI summary as of October 31, 2019

Category	Number of days in October	Number of days this year to date
Good (0-50)	20	261
Moderate (51-100)	11	41
Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups (101-150)	0	2
Unhealthy (151-200)	0	0
Very Unhealthy (201-300)	0	0
Hazardous (>300)	0	0

Appendix 1 – National Ambient Air Quality Standards

The Clean Air Act requires EPA to set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for six common air pollutants, carbon monoxide (CO), lead (Pb), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), particulate matter (PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}), ground-level ozone (O₃) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂; Table A-1). These are known as “criteria” pollutants because the US EPA established regulatory limits to concentrations in ambient air using human health or environmentally based criteria. Carbon monoxide, particulate matter and ozone are monitored in Spokane County by the Spokane Regional Clean Air Agency (SRCAA) and the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology).

Table A-1: National Ambient Air Quality Standards

Pollutant [links to historical tables of NAAQS reviews]		Primary/ Secondary	Averaging Time	Level	Form
Carbon Monoxide (CO)		primary	8 hours	9 ppm	Not to be exceeded more than once per year
			1 hour	35 ppm	
Lead (Pb)		primary and secondary	Rolling 3 month period	0.15 µg/m ³ (1)	Not to be exceeded
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)		primary	1 hour	100 ppb	98th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years
		primary and secondary	1 year	53 ppb (2)	Annual Mean
Ozone (O₃)		primary and secondary	8 hours	0.070 ppm (3)	Annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour concentration, averaged over 3 years
Particle Pollution (PM)	PM _{2.5}	primary	1 year	12.0 µg/m ³	annual mean, averaged over 3 years
		secondary	1 year	15.0 µg/m ³	annual mean, averaged over 3 years
		primary and secondary	24 hours	35 µg/m ³	98th percentile, averaged over 3 years
	PM ₁₀	primary and secondary	24 hours	150 µg/m ³	Not to be exceeded more than once per year on average over 3 years
Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)		primary	1 hour	75 ppb (4)	99th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years
		secondary	3 hours	0.5 ppm	Not to be exceeded more than once per year

(1) In areas designated nonattainment for the Pb standards prior to the promulgation of the current (2008) standards, and for which implementation plans to attain or maintain the current (2008) standards have not been submitted and approved, the previous standards (1.5 µg/m³ as a calendar quarter average) also remain in effect.

(2) The level of the annual NO₂ standard is 0.053 ppm. It is shown here in terms of ppb for the purposes of clearer comparison to the 1-hour standard level.

(3) Final rule signed October 1, 2015, and effective December 28, 2015. The previous (2008) O₃ standards additionally remain in effect in some areas. Revocation of the previous (2008) O₃ standards and transitioning to the current (2015) standards will be addressed in the implementation rule for the current standards.

(4) The previous SO₂ standards (0.14 ppm 24-hour and 0.03 ppm annual) will additionally remain in effect in certain areas: (1) any area for which it is not yet 1 year since the effective date of designation under the current (2010) standards, and (2) any area for which implementation plans providing for attainment of the current (2010) standard have not been submitted and approved and which is designated nonattainment under the previous SO₂ standards or is not meeting the requirements of a SIP call under the previous SO₂ standards (40 CFR 50.4(3)). A SIP call is an EPA action requiring a state to resubmit all or part of its State Implementation Plan to demonstrate attainment of the require NAAQS.

Appendix 2 – Air Quality Index

The Air Quality Index (AQI) is EPA’s color-coded tool for communicating daily air quality to the public and can be calculated for any of the criteria pollutants except lead, provided monitoring data are available. An index value above 100 indicates that the concentration of a criteria pollutant exceeded the limit established in the NAAQS. Categories of the AQI are “Good” (green, 0-50), “Moderate” (yellow, 51-100), “Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups” (USG; orange, 101-150), “Unhealthy” (red, 151-200), “Very Unhealthy” (purple, 201-300) and “Hazardous” (maroon, 301-500; Table A-2).

Table A-2: Air pollutant breakpoints for the Air Quality Index.

Air Quality Index Levels of Health Concern	Color Code	Index Numerical Value	Breakpoints				Health Effects
			O ₃ (ppm) 8-hour	PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³) 24-hour	PM ₁₀ (µg/m ³) 24-hour	CO (ppm) 8-hour	
Good	Green	0-50	0.000-0.054	0.0-12.0	0-54	0.0-4.4	Air quality is considered satisfactory and air pollution poses little or no risk.
Moderate	Yellow	51-100	0.055-0.070	12.1-35.4	55-154	4.5-9.4	Air quality is acceptable; however, for some pollutants there may be a moderate health concern for a very small number of people who are unusually sensitive to air pollution.
Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	Orange	101-150	0.071-0.085	35.5-55.4	155-254	9.5-12.4	People especially sensitive to air pollution may experience health effects. The general public is not likely to be affected. An AQI in this category or above indicates that air pollution exceeds levels acceptable under federal air quality standards.
Unhealthy	Red	151-200	0.086-0.105	55.5-150.4	255-354	12.5-15.4	Everyone may begin to experience health effects; members of sensitive groups may experience more serious health effects.
Very Unhealthy	Purple	201-300	0.106-0.200	150.5-250.4	355-424	15.5-30.4	Health alert: everyone may experience more serious health effects.
Hazardous	Maroon	>300	0.201 to the Significant Harm Level* (0.600 ppm, 2 hour average)	250.5+	425+	30.5+	Health warnings of emergency conditions. The entire population is more likely to be affected.

*The significant harm level (SHL) is set at a level that represents imminent and substantial endangerment to public health.

Appendix 3

Table A-3: Summary air quality data for October for air monitoring stations in Spokane County. Particulate matter mass concentration is reported as 24-hour averages in micrograms per cubic meter of air ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$). The $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ monitor at Augusta & Fiske was offline for maintenance and quality control checks on October 9th.

Date	$\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Augusta & Fiske BAM (24 hour avg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	$\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Broadway & Glenn BAM (24 hour avg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	$\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Colbert TEOM (24 hour avg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	$\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Monroe & Wellesley nephelometer (24 hour avg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	PM_{10} Augusta & Fiske TEOM (24 hour avg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	PM_{10} Turnbull NWR BAM (24 hour avg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
10/1	6.2	7.7	4.6	7.0	12	5
10/2	9.2	7.7	6.8	8.0	17	5
10/3	10.6	13.8	9.1	10.0	21	8
10/4	9.3	9.7	9.0	9.1	17	8
10/5	5.8	6.2	4.7	4.3	12	5
10/6	7.5	5.6	6.0	5.8	15	7
10/7	7.3	6.5	8.8	9.2	28	19
10/8	1.3	3.0	3.0	2.4	16	17
10/9		6.7	4.5	5.6	15	3
10/10	7.6	9.2	6.9	8.9	14	5
10/11	11.5	12.6	9.2	10.4	20	8
10/12	15.9	15.9	13.2	15.7	24	11
10/13	15.6	18.9	14.5	17.2	22	13
10/14	15.0	15.8	11.7	14.1	27	13
10/15	13.7	14.4	11.3	11.8	34	14
10/16	16.3	16.1	14.5	14.7	41	21
10/17	3.2	4.5	4.0	3.7	11	8
10/18	3.4	3.3	4.2	3.0	10	5
10/19	4.1	4.2	5.3	3.6	6	2
10/20	1.6	3.0	3.4	2.6	4	2
10/21	3.9	5.6	5.1	3.8	10	5
10/22	3.0	3.6	4.3	3.1	9	4
10/23	7.5	8.6	5.3	5.2	25	3
10/24	12.0	12.7	7.9	8.7	26	5
10/25	12.2	11.9	7.5	8.8	23	9
10/26	7.2	9.2	5.5	5.2	12	2
10/27	10.3	11.7	6.2	9.1	11	1
10/28	2.8	4.5	4.1	3.5	8	3
10/29	6.7	9.5	6.1	5.4	20	2
10/30	20.7	18.1	13.0	15.0	38	10
10/31	25.9	30.2	18.1	16.7	49	14
AVG	9.2	10.0	7.7	8.1	19	8
MAX	25.9	30.2	18.1	17.2	49	21