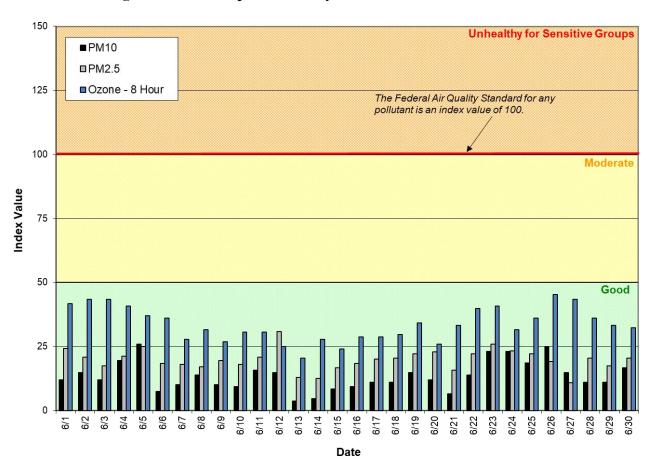
Spokane Regional Clean Air Agency Air Quality Report - June 2020

The Air Quality Index (AQI) remained in the GOOD category all month (Figure 1). The maximum daily AQI of 45 based on ozone (8-hour average ozone concentration = 0.049 ppm) was recorded at Greenbluff on June 26th (Table 1).

<u>Figure 1</u>: Air Quality Index (AQI) values for June 2020. The data represent the maximum AQI values across all monitoring stations within Spokane County.



See Appendix 1 of this report for information about federal air quality standards or Appendix 2 for a description of the AQI. Daily mass concentrations of $PM_{2.5}$ monitored in June throughout the network are shown in Figure 2. The maximum daily $PM_{2.5}$ reading for the month was 7.4 $\mu g/m^3$ (AQI = 31) recorded at Spokane-Augusta & Fiske on the 12^{th} . The maximum daily PM_{10} reading for the month was $28 \ \mu g/m^3$ (AQI = 26) recorded at Turnbull National Wildlife Refuge on the 5^{th} .

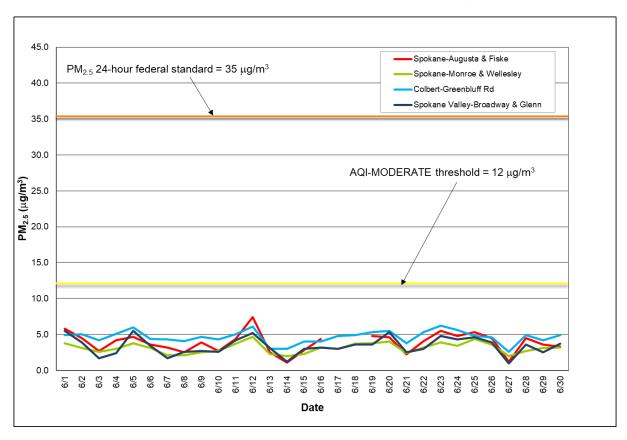
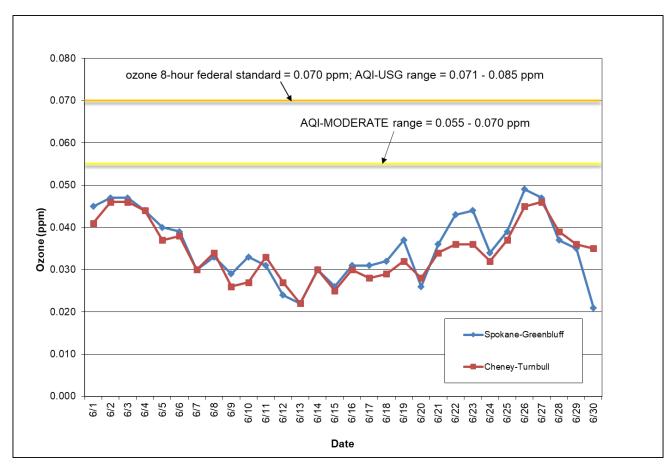


Figure 2: Multi-station 24-hour average PM_{2.5} for June 2020; Spokane County.

As stated at the beginning of this report, the maximum 8-hour running average ozone concentration for the month was 0.049 ppm (AQI = 45) recorded at Greenbluff on the 26th (Figure 3). Eight-hour average ozone concentrations in the range 0.055 to 0.070 ppm are considered "moderate" air quality by the AQI. When concentrations are below that level, air quality is "good" with respect to ground-level ozone. In Washington State, ground-level ozone is monitored May through September each year.

<u>Figure 3</u>: Eight-hour maximum ozone concentrations for the Spokane region in June. The threshold for the moderate category of the AQI for ozone is 0.055 ppm averaged over eight hours. An ozone measurement above 0.070 ppm, averaged over eight hours, is the level of the federal ozone standard. It is not a violation of the standard to exceed this level on a given day because determination of attainment status is based on averaging data over a period of years. See Appendix 1 for more detailed information about attainment of federal air quality standards.



The daily air quality data for June for all monitoring stations in the Spokane region are provided in Appendix 3. Current and historical air quality data can be obtained electronically from Ecology's air monitoring data website, https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/enviwa/Default.htm.

Tables 1 and 2 contain the maximum AQI values for each pollutant for the month and for the year to date. Table 3 summarizes the year to date daily AQIs by category. See Appendix 2 for an explanation of the AQI.

Table 1: Maximum AQI values and pollutant concentrations for this reporting period.

Pollutant	AQI		Location	Date
O_3	45 (conc. = 0.049 ppm) Good		Greenbluff	6/26
PM ₁₀	$26 \text{ (conc.} = 28 \mu\text{g/m}^3\text{)}$	Good	Turnbull NWR	6/5
PM _{2.5}	31 (conc. = $7.4 \mu\text{g/m}^3$)	Good	Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske)	6/12

<u>Table 2</u>: Maximum AQI values and pollutant concentrations for this year to date.

Pollutant	AQI		Location	Date
O_3	49 (conc. = 0.053 ppm) Good		Turnbull NWR	5/28
PM ₁₀	$45 \text{ (conc.} = 49 \mu\text{g/m}^3\text{)}$	Good	Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske)	3/5
PM _{2.5}	48 (conc. = $11.5 \mu g/m^3$)	Good	Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske)	2/3

Table 3: AQI summary as of June 30, 2020

Category	Number of days in June	Number of days this year to date	
Good (0-50)	30	182	
Moderate (51-100)	0	0	
Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups (101-150)	0	0	
Unhealthy (151-200)	0	0	
Very Unhealthy (201-300)	0	0	
Hazardous (>300)	0	0	

Appendix 1 – National Ambient Air Quality Standards

The Clean Air Act requires EPA to set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for six common air pollutants, carbon monoxide (CO), lead (Pb), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), particulate matter (PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}), ground-level ozone (O₃) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂; Table A-1). These are known as "criteria" pollutants because the US EPA established regulatory limits to concentrations in ambient air using human health or environmentally based criteria. Carbon monoxide, particulate matter and ozone are monitored in Spokane County by the Spokane Regional Clean Air Agency (SRCAA) and the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology).

Table A-1: Na	tional Ambient	Air Quality	/ Standards
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Pollutan [links to historical tab reviews]	les of NAAQS	Primary/ Secondary	Averaging Time	Level	Form
Carbon Monoxide (CO)		primary	8 hours	9 ppm	Not to be exceeded more than once per
<u>Carron Monovide (CO)</u>		primary	1 hour	35 ppm	year
Lead (Pb)		primary and secondary	Rolling 3 month period	0.15 µg/m ³	Not to be exceeded
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)		primary	1 hour	100 ppb	98th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years
	and the second s		1 year	53 ppb (2)	Annual Mean
Ozone (O ₃)		primary and secondary	8 hours	0.070 ppm	Annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour concentration, averaged over 3 years
		primary	1 year	12.0 μg/m ³	annual mean, averaged over 3 years
D C L D II C (DM)	PM _{2.5}	secondary	1 year	15.0 μg/m ³	annual mean, averaged over 3 years
Particle Pollution (PM)		primary and secondary	24 hours	$35 \mu g/m^3$	98th percentile, averaged over 3 years
	PM ₁₀	primary and secondary	24 hours	150 μg/m ³	Not to be exceeded more than once per year on average over 3 years
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)		primary	1 hour	75 ppb (4)	99th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years
		secondary	3 hours	0.5 ppm	Not to be exceeded more than once per year

⁽¹⁾ In areas designated nonattainment for the Pb standards prior to the promulgation of the current (2008) standards, and for which implementation plans to attain or maintain the current (2008) standards have not been submitted and approved, the previous standards (1.5 μ g/m³ as a calendar quarter average) also remain in effect

⁽²⁾ The level of the annual NO₂ standard is 0.053 ppm. It is shown here in terms of ppb for the purposes of clearer comparison to the 1-hour standard level.

⁽³⁾ Final rule signed October 1, 2015, and effective December 28, 2015. The previous (2008) O_3 standards additionally remain in effect in some areas. Revocation of the previous (2008) O_3 standards and transitioning to the current (2015) standards will be addressed in the implementation rule for the current standards.

⁽⁴⁾ The previous SO_2 standards (0.14 ppm 24-hour and 0.03 ppm annual) will additionally remain in effect in certain areas: (1) any area for which it is not yet 1 year since the effective date of designation under the current (2010) standards, and (2)any area for which implementation plans providing for attainment of the current (2010) standard have not been submitted and approved and which is designated nonattainment under the previous SO_2 standards or is not meeting the requirements of a SIP call under the previous SO_2 standards (40 CFR 50.4(3)), A SIP call is an EPA action requiring a state to resubmit all or part of its State Implementation Plan to demonstrate attainment of the require NAAQS.

Appendix 2 – Air Quality Index

The Air Quality Index (AQI) is EPA's color-coded tool for communicating daily air quality to the public and can be calculated for any of the criteria pollutants except lead, provided monitoring data are available. An index value above 100 indicates that the concentration of a criteria pollutant exceeded the limit established in the NAAQS. Categories of the AQI are "Good" (green, 0-50), "Moderate" (yellow, 51-100), "Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups" (USG; orange, 101-150), "Unhealthy" (red, 151-200), "Very Unhealthy" (purple, 201-300) and "Hazardous" (maroon, 301-500; Table A-2).

Table A-2: Air pollutant breakpoints for the Air Quality Index.

Air Quality Index	Color Code	Index		Break	Health Effects		
Levels of Health Concern		Numerical Value	O ₃ (ppm) 8-hour	PM _{2.5} (μg/m ³) 24-hour	PM ₁₀ (μg/m ³) 24-hour	CO (ppm) 8-hour	
Good	Green	0-50	0.000-0.054	0.0-12.0	0-54	0.0-4.4	Air quality is considered satisfactory and air pollution poses little or no risk.
Moderate	Yellow	51-100	0.055-0.070	12.1-35.4	55-154	4.5-9.4	Air quality is acceptable; however, for some pollutants there may be a moderate health concern for a very small number of people who are unusually sensitive to air pollution.
Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	Orange	101-150	0.071-0.085	35.5-55.4	155-254	9.5-12.4	People especially sensitive to air pollution may experience health effects. The general public is not likely to be affected. An AQI in this category or above indicates that air pollution exceeds levels acceptable under federal air quality standards.
Unhealthy	Red	151-200	0.086-0.105	55.5-150.4	255-354	12.5-15.4	Everyone may begin to experience health effects; members of sensitive groups may experience more serious health effects.
Very Unhealthy	Purple	201-300	0.106-0.200	150.5-250.4	355-424	15.5-30.4	Health alert: everyone may experience more serious health effects.
Hazardous	Maroon	>300	0.201 to the Significant Harm Level* (0.600 ppm, 2 hour average)	250.5+	425+	30.5+	Health warnings of emergency conditions. The entire population is more likely to be affected.

^{*}The significant harm level (SHL) is set at a level that represents imminent and substantial endangerment to public health.

Appendix 3

<u>Table A-3</u>: Summary air quality data for June for air monitoring stations in Spokane County. Particulate matter mass concentration is reported as 24-hour averages in micrograms per cubic meter of air (μ g/m³) and daily 8-hour maximum ozone concentrations are reported in parts per million (ppm). There are no PM_{2.5} data for Augusta and Fiske on the 17th and 18th because of an equipment malfunction.

	2.0								
	Date	Ozone Greenbluff (8 hour max, ppm)	Ozone Turnbull NWR (8 hour max, ppm)	PM2.5 Augusta & Fiske BAM (24 hour avg, μg/m)	PM2.5 Broadway & University BAM (24 hour avg. µg/m)	PM2.5 Colbert TEOM (24 hour avg, µg/m)	3.8 3.1 2.5 2.7 7.7 3.7 3.8 3.1 2.1 2.5 2.7 3.7 3.8 3.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.7 3.7 3.8 3.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.7 3.7 3.8 3.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.7 3.7 3.8 3.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2	PM10 Augusta & Fiske TEOM (24 hour avg. µg/m)	PM10 Turnbull NWR BAM (24 hour avg, μg/π)
f	6/1	0.045	0.041	5.8	5.5	4.9	3.8	13	
ľ	6/2	0.047	0.046	4.5	5.5	5.0	3.1	16	77 88 66 13 288 77 66 122 33 88 100 4 4 4 2 2 3 3 6 7 7 7 7
ľ	6/3	0.047	0.046	2.7	1.7	4.2	2.6	13	6
	6/3 6/4	0.044	0.044	2.7 4.2 4.7 3.6 3.2	2.4 5.5	4.2 5.1 6.0 4.4 4.3	3.0	21	13
	6/5	0.040	0.037 0.038	4.7	5.5	6.0	3.8	21 18	28
	6/6	0.039	0.038	3.6	3.4 1.7	4.4	3.1	8	7
L	6/7	0.030	0.030	3.2	1.7	4.3	2.1	11	6
L	6/8 6/9 6/10 6/11	0.033 0.029 0.033 0.031 0.024	0.034	2.5 3.9 2.7 4.4 7.4	2.6 2.7 2.6 4.2	4.1	2.1	15	12
L	6/9	0.029	0.026 0.027 0.033 0.027	3.9	2.7	4.7 4.3 5.0 6.1	2.5	11 10	3
L	6/10	0.033	0.027	2.7	2.6	4.3	2.7	10	3
L	6/11	0.031	0.033	4.4	4.2	5.0	3.7	17	8
ŀ	6/12	0.024	0.027	7.4	5.2	6.1	4.7	16	10
H	6/13	0.022	0.022 0.030	2.5	3.1	3.0	2.3	4	4
ŀ	6/14 6/15	0.022 0.030 0.026 0.031	0.030	2.5 1.1 2.8	3.1 1.2 3.0 3.2	3.0 3.0 4.0	2.0	4 5 9	4
ŀ	6/15	0.020	0.025	4.4	3.0	4.0	2.3	10	2
ŀ	6/17	0.031	0.030	4.4	3.0	4.8	3.2	12	3
ŀ	6/18	0.032	0.029				3.7	12	6
ľ	6/19	0.032 0.037	0.029 0.032	4.8	3.6 3.6 5.3 2.5	4.9 5.3 5.5 3.8	3.8	16	7
ľ	6/20	0.026	0.028	4.6	5.3	5.5	4.0	13	7
	6/20 6/21	0.036	0.028 0.034	4.6 2.2	2.5	3.8	2.4	7	4
	6/22	0.043	0.036	4.1	3.0	5.3	3.2	15	7
	6/23	0.044	0.036	5.5	4.8	6.2	3.9	25	9
	6/24	0.034	0.032	4.8	4.3	5.6	3.4	25	17
	6/25	0.039	0.037	5.3	4.6	4.8	4.4	20	12
	6/26	0.049	0.045	4.5	3.9	4.6	3.6	27	20
L	6/27	0.047	0.046	1.2	1.0	2.6	2.0	14	16
ŀ	6/28	0.037	0.039	4.5	3.6	4.9	2.7	12	8
L	6/29	0.035	0.036	3.6	2.5	4.2	3.1	10	12
ŀ	6/30 AVG	0.021	0.035	3.3	3.7	4.9	3.2	13	18
-	MAX	0.035	0.034	3.9 7.4	3.4 5.5	6.2	3.1 4.7	14 27	9 28
Ľ	VIΛΛ	0.049	0.040	7.4	٥.১	0.2	4./	21	20