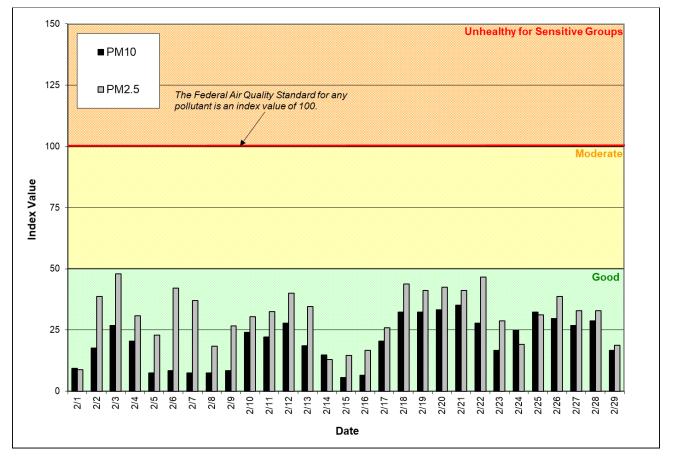
#### Spokane Regional Clean Air Agency Air Quality Report - February 2020

The Air Quality Index (AQI) remained in the GOOD range in February. The maximum AQI for the month was 48 (24-hour average PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentration = 11.5  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>) recorded at the Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske) monitoring station on the 3<sup>rd</sup> (Figure 1 and 2; Table 1). The maximum AQI for PM<sub>10</sub> in February was 35 (24-hour average PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentration = 38  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>), which was recorded on the 21<sup>st</sup> at Spokane-Augusta Ave.

# **<u>Figure 1</u>**: Air Quality Index (AQI) values for February 2020. The data represent the maximum AQI values across all monitoring stations within Spokane County.



See Appendix 1 of this report for information about federal air quality standards or Appendix 2 for a description of the AQI. Daily mass concentrations of  $PM_{2.5}$  monitored in February throughout the network are shown in Figure 2.

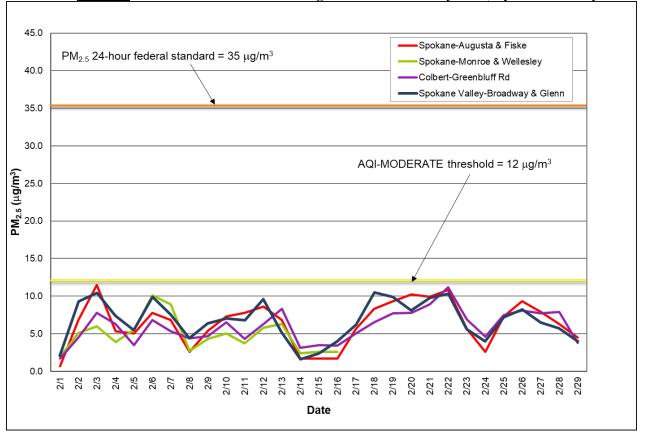


Figure 2: Multi-station 24-hour average PM<sub>2.5</sub> for February 2020; Spokane County.

The February daily air quality data for all monitoring stations in the Spokane region are provided in Appendix 3. Current and historical air quality data can be obtained electronically from Ecology's air monitoring data website, <u>https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/enviwa/Default.htm</u>.

Table 1 contains the maximum AQI values for each pollutant for the month and Table 2 for the year to date. Table 3 summarizes the year to date daily AQIs by category. See Appendix 2 for an explanation of the AQI.

| Pollutant         | AQI                                     |      | Location                              | Date |
|-------------------|---|------|---------------------------------------|------|
| PM <sub>10</sub>  | 35 (conc. = 38 $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Good | Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske) | 2/21 |
| PM <sub>2.5</sub> | 48 (conc. = $11.5 \ \mu g/m^3$ )        | Good | Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske) | 2/3  |

Table 1: Maximum AQI values and pollutant concentrations for this reporting period.

| Pollutant         | AQI                                     |      | Location                              | Date |
|-------------------|---|------|---------------------------------------|------|
| PM <sub>10</sub>  | 35 (conc. = 38 $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Good | Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske) | 2/21 |
| PM <sub>2.5</sub> | 48 (conc. = $11.5 \ \mu g/m^3$ )        | Good | Spokane-Augusta Ave (Augusta & Fiske) | 2/3  |

| Category                                 | Number of days |
|--|----------------|
| Good (0-50)                              | 60             |
| Moderate (51-100)                        | 0              |
| Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups (101-150) | 0              |
| Unhealthy (151-200)                      | 0              |
| Very Unhealthy (201-300)                 | 0              |
| Hazardous (>300)                         | 0              |

### Appendix 1 – National Ambient Air Quality Standards

The Clean Air Act requires EPA to set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for six common air pollutants, carbon monoxide (CO), lead (Pb), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter ( $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$ ), ground-level ozone (O<sub>3</sub>) and sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>; Table A-1). These are known as "criteria" pollutants because the US EPA established regulatory limits to concentrations in ambient air using human health or environmentally based criteria. Carbon monoxide, particulate matter and ozone are monitored in Spokane County by the Spokane Regional Clean Air Agency (SRCAA) and the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology).

| Pollutan<br>[links to historical tab<br>reviews | les of NAAQS | Primary/<br>Secondary | Averaging Time         | Level                  | Form  |
|---|--------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Carbon Monoxide (CO)                            |              | primary               | 8 hours                | 9 ppm                  | Not to be exceeded more than once per   |
|   |              | printery              | 1 hour                 | 35 ppm                 | year  |
| Lead (Pb)                                       |              | primary and secondary | Rolling 3 month period | 0.15 μg/m <sup>3</sup> | Not to be exceeded  |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )             |              | primary               | 1 hour                 | 100 ppb                | 98th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years       |
|   |              |                       | 1 year                 | 53 ppb (2)             | Annual Mean   |
| Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )                         |              | primary and secondary | 8 hours                | 0.070 ppm              | Annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-<br>hour concentration, averaged over 3 years |
|   | PM2.5        | primary               | 1 year                 | 12.0 µg/m <sup>3</sup> | annual mean, averaged over 3 years  |
|   |              | secondary             | 1 year                 | 15.0 µg/m <sup>3</sup> | annual mean, averaged over 3 years  |
| Particle Pollution (PM)                         |              | primary and secondary | 24 hours               | 35 µg/m <sup>3</sup>   | 98th percentile, averaged over 3 years  |
|   | PM10         | primary and secondary | 24 hours               | 150 µg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Not to be exceeded more than once per year on average over 3 years                  |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )               |              | primary               | 1 hour                 | 75 ppb (4)             | 99th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years       |
|   |              | secondary             | 3 hours                | 0.5 ppm                | Not to be exceeded more than once per year  |

**Table A-1:** National Ambient Air Quality Standards

(1) In areas designated nonattainment for the Pb standards prior to the promulgation of the current (2008) standards, and for which implementation plans to attain or maintain the current (2008) standards have not been submitted and approved, the previous standards (1.5  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> as a calendar quarter average) also remain in effect.

(2) The level of the annual NO<sub>2</sub> standard is 0.053 ppm. It is shown here in terms of ppb for the purposes of clearer comparison to the 1-hour standard level.

(3) Final rule signed October 1, 2015, and effective December 28, 2015. The previous (2008)  $O_3$  standards additionally remain in effect in some areas. Revocation of the previous (2008)  $O_3$  standards and transitioning to the current (2015) standards will be addressed in the implementation rule for the current standards.

(4) The previous  $SO_2$  standards (0.14 ppm 24-hour and 0.03 ppm annual) will additionally remain in effect in certain areas: (1) any area for which it is not yet 1 year since the effective date of designation under the current (2010) standards, and (2) any area for which implementation plans providing for attainment of the current (2010) standard have not been submitted and approved and which is designated nonattainment under the previous  $SO_2$  standards or is not meeting the requirements of a SIP call under the previous  $SO_2$  standards (40 CFR 50.4(3)), A SIP call is an EPA action requiring a state to resubmit all or part of its State Implementation Plan to demonstrate attainment of the require NAAQS.

### Appendix 2 – Air Quality Index

The Air Quality Index (AQI) is EPA's color-coded tool for communicating daily air quality to the public and can be calculated for any of the criteria pollutants except lead, provided monitoring data are available. An index value above 100 indicates that the concentration of a criteria pollutant exceeded the limit established in the NAAQS. Categories of the AQI are "Good" (green, 0-50), "Moderate" (yellow, 51-100), "Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups" (USG; orange, 101-150), "Unhealthy" (red, 151-200), "Very Unhealthy" (purple, 201-300) and "Hazardous" (maroon, 301-500; Table A-2).

| Air Quality Index                 | Color Code | Index              |  | Break   | Health Effects                                   |                    |  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------|--|---|--|--------------------|--|
| Levels of Health<br>Concern       |            | Numerical<br>Value | O <sub>3</sub> (ppm)<br>8-hour   | PM <sub>2.5</sub> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )<br>24-hour | PM <sub>10</sub> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )<br>24-hour | CO (ppm)<br>8-hour |  |
| Good                              | Green      | 0-50               | 0.000-0.054  | 0.0-12.0  | 0-54   | 0.0-4.4            | Air quality is considered<br>satisfactory and air pollution<br>poses little or no risk.  |
| Moderate                          | Yellow     | 51-100             | 0.055-0.070  | 12.1-35.4   | 55-154   | 4.5-9.4            | Air quality is acceptable;<br>however, for some pollutants<br>there may be a moderate health<br>concern for a very small number<br>of people who are unusually<br>sensitive to air pollution.  |
| Unhealthy for<br>Sensitive Groups | Orange     | 101-150            | 0.071-0.085  | 35.5-55.4   | 155-254  | 9.5-12.4           | People especially sensitive to air<br>pollution may experience health<br>effects. The general public is<br>not likely to be affected. An<br>AQI in this category or above<br>indicates that air pollution<br>exceeds levels acceptable under<br>federal air quality standards. |
| Unhealthy                         | Red        | 151-200            | 0.086-0.105  | 55.5-150.4  | 255-354  | 12.5-15.4          | Everyone may begin to<br>experience health effects;<br>members of sensitive groups<br>may experience more serious<br>health effects.   |
| Very Unhealthy                    | Purple     | 201-300            | 0.106-0.200  | 150.5-250.4                                       | 355-424  | 15.5-30.4          | Health alert: everyone may<br>experience more serious health<br>effects.   |
| Hazardous                         | Maroon     | >300               | 0.201 to the<br>Significant<br>Harm Level*<br>(0.600 ppm, 2<br>hour average) | 250.5+  | 425+   | 30.5+              | Health warnings of emergency<br>conditions. The entire<br>population is more likely to be<br>affected.   |

 Table A-2: Air pollutant breakpoints for the Air Quality Index.

\*The significant harm level (SHL) is set at a level that represents imminent and substantial endangerment to public health.

## Appendix 3

<u>Table A-3</u>: Summary air quality data for February for air monitoring stations in Spokane County. Particulate matter mass concentration is reported as 24-hour averages in micrograms per cubic meter of air ( $\mu g/m^3$ ).

| Date  | 9.2 1.1 1.1 2.1 3.2 4.2 3.2 PM2.5 Augusta & Fiske/Greene BAM (24 hour avg, μg/m) 3.2 1.1 1.1 2.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1 | 7     9     9     9     9     9     9     9     9     10 <th>0.5<br/>0.5<br/>0.5<br/>0.5<br/>0.5<br/>0.5<br/>0.5<br/>0.5</th> <th>97         1         6         9         1         1         1         3         1         3         1         <th1< th="">         1         <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""></th1<></th1<></th1<></th> <th><math display="block">\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c </math></th> <th><math>PM_{10}</math> Turnbull NWR BAM (24 hour avg, <math>\mu g/\ddot{n}</math>)</th> | 0.5<br>0.5<br>0.5<br>0.5<br>0.5<br>0.5<br>0.5<br>0.5 | 97         1         6         9         1         1         1         3         1         3         1 <th1< th="">         1         <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""></th1<></th1<></th1<> | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | $PM_{10}$ Turnbull NWR BAM (24 hour avg, $\mu g/\ddot{n}$ )  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2/1<br>2/2<br>2/3<br>2/4<br>2/5<br>2/6<br>2/7<br>2/8<br>2/9<br>2/10<br>2/11<br>2/12<br>2/13<br>2/14<br>2/15 | 0.7  | 2.1  | 1.7  | 1.9  | 10   |  |
| 2/2   | 6.8  | 9.3  | 4.5  | 5.1  | 19   |  |
| 2/3   | 11.5   | 10.4   | 7.8  | 6.0  | 29   |  |
| 2/4   | 5.3  | 7.4  | 6.3  | 3.9  | 22   | 3  |
| 2/5   | 5.0  | 5.5  | 3.5  | 5.5  | 8  | 1  |
| 2/6   | /.8  | 9.9  | 6.8<br>5.2   | 10.1   | 9  | 3  |
| 2/7   | 2.6  | 1.5  | 5.5<br>A A   | 0.9<br>2 7   | 0<br>8   | 2  |
| 2/8   | 5.4  | 6.4  | 4.4  | 43   | 9  | 2  |
| 2/10  | 7.3  | 7.0  | 6.5  | 5.0  | 26   | 2  |
| 2/11  | 7.8  | 6.8  | 4.3  | 3.7  | 24   | 5  |
| 2/12  | 8.6  | 9.6  | 6.3  | 5.8  | 30   | 2  |
| 2/13  | 6.8  | 5.2  | 8.3  | 6.3  | 20   | 2  |
| 2/14  | 1.7  | 1.6  | 3.1  | 2.4  | 16   | 11   |
| 2/15  | 1.7  | 2.4  | 3.5  | 2.6  | 6  | 1  |
| 2/16<br>2/17  | 1.7  | 4.0<br>6.2   | 3.4  | 2.6  | 7  | $   \begin{array}{r} 3 \\     1 \\     3 \\     0 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     11 \\     1 \\     3 \\     1   \end{array} $ |
|   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2/18<br>2/19  | 8.3<br>9.3   | 10.5<br>9.9  | 6.5<br>7.7   |  | 35<br>35   | 1  |
| 2/19  | 10.2   | 8.1  | 7.8  |  | 36   | 3  |
| 2/21  | 9.9  | 9.8  | 8.9  |  | 38   | 5  |
| 2/22  | 10.8   | 10.3   | 11.2   |  | 30   | 5  |
| 2/23  | 5.6  | 5.6  | 6.9  |  | 18   | 16   |
| 2/24  | 2.6  | 4.0  | 4.6  |  | 27   | 12   |
| 2/25  | 7.3  | 7.2  | 7.5  |  | 35   | 5  |
| 2/26  | 9.3  | 8.2  | 8.1  |  | 32<br>29   | 5<br>4   |
| 2/27<br>2/28  | 7.9<br>6.3   | 6.5<br>5.7   | 7.7<br>7.9   |  | 31   | 4  |
| 2/28  | 4.5  | 4.0  | 3.8  |  | 18   | 7  |
| AVG   | 6.4  | 6.7  | 6.0  | 4.8  | 22   | 4  |
| MAX   | 11.5   | 10.5   | 11.2   | 10.1   | 38   | 16   |